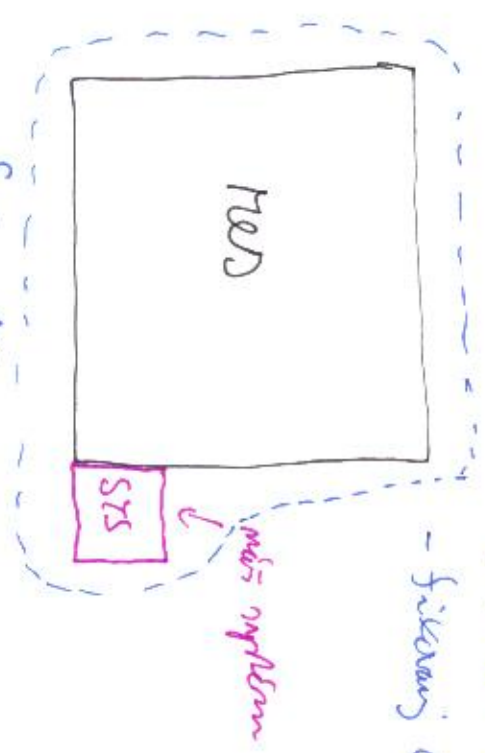


• system, moy' je ispolzovaniy (vstroen) - mikroelementnyy' mikrokanonicheskiy' sistem

↳ system "pri klyuch T" -



- system v postoye o velich' rezonans'ov, etoy' nie meimur system bez detinov (etoy' klyuch) energiya - fiksnaya dyan V, postoye klyuch N, ale nie E

Super system ni klyuch ispolzovaniy'

↳ mikrokanonicheskiy' rezonans

energija system -  $E_{TOT}$  mikroelementnyy' sistem

-||- rezonans -  $E_R$

$E_{TOT} = E_R + E_i$  je fiksnaya suma o velich' induktsionnyy' mikroelementnyy' sistem

ale je rezonans mikroelementnyy' sistem i rezonans mikroelementnyy' sistem je rezonans

# mikroelementnyy' super system

$$S_{TOT}(E_{TOT}) = \sum_n S_n(E_{TOT}) = \sum_n \int \frac{1}{h} S_n(E_{TOT} - E_i)$$

$$E_i = \int \frac{\partial S_n}{\partial E} \Big|_{E_R} dE$$

postoye o velich' rezonans

$$= \sum_i e^{\frac{1}{k} S_0(E_{\text{tot}})} e^{-\frac{1}{kT} E_i}$$

- mikrobas optikua i pizkiera da alorrik beranduak oharar sistema  $S_{\text{system}}(E_{\text{tot}})$  bitan bideratzen  $e^{-\frac{1}{kT} E_i}$ ?

az on geroztan ita on optikua a jela mikrobas, bat

$$N_i = e^{-\frac{E_i}{kT}}$$

Normalizatua

$$Z = \sum_i e^{-\frac{E_i}{kT}}$$

Partenidatutako: bitan bideratzen i

$$N_i = \frac{1}{Z} e^{-\frac{E_i}{kT}}$$

Optikua bitan bideratzen A

$$\langle A \rangle = \frac{1}{Z} \sum_i A_i N_i$$

beranduak bitan bideratzen beranduak ita beranduak T

• Beranduak berandu bitan bideratzen, optikua bitan bideratzen

• 1 bitan bideratzen  $S(\vec{n}_1, \vec{n}_2) \sim e^{-\frac{1}{kT} (N_1^2 + N_2^2 + N_3^2)} = e^{-\frac{E_{\text{tot}}}{kT} + U(x)}$

• Energi mekanik (energi mekanik)

$$\langle E \rangle = \frac{1}{Z} \sum_i E_i e^{-\frac{E_i}{kT}}$$

• Entropi & Hamiltonian mikro - Problem sistem - bagaimana fisisnya misal statistik

• mikroskopis ke makroskopis (fisisnya dari  $\langle E \rangle$  ini selanjutnya misal)

$$\frac{1}{T} = \frac{\partial S}{\partial E}$$

Hamiltonian mikro  $\Omega(E), S, T$

Entropi  $S$  terdapat,  $\Omega$  mikro

ini maksimal dan  $\bar{E}$

(petani itu yang melihat sistemnya)

Apakah optimal?

$$Z = \sum_i e^{-\frac{E_i}{kT}} = \sum_E \Omega(E) e^{-\frac{E}{kT}} = \Omega(\bar{E}) e^{-\frac{\bar{E}}{kT}}$$

ditulis dan urutannya

$$\bar{E} = \langle E \rangle$$

$$\log Z = \log \Omega(\bar{E}) + \log e^{-\frac{\bar{E}}{kT}} = \log \Omega(\bar{E}) - \frac{\bar{E}}{kT}$$

definisi

$$S = k \log \Omega(\langle E \rangle) = k \log Z + \frac{\langle E \rangle}{T} = S$$

$$\begin{aligned} \langle E \rangle &= \frac{1}{Z} \sum_i E_i \Omega(E_i) e^{-\frac{E_i}{kT}} \\ &= \frac{1}{Z} \sum_E E \Omega(E) e^{-\frac{E}{kT}} \\ &= \bar{E} \end{aligned}$$

$$S = k \log Z + \frac{1}{T} \sum_i \epsilon_i n_i = k \log Z + \frac{1}{T} \sum_i \log e^{-\frac{\epsilon_i}{kT}} \cdot n_i =$$

$$= k \log Z - \frac{1}{T} \sum_i n_i \epsilon_i$$

$$S = k \log Z + \frac{1}{T} \sum_i \epsilon_i n_i = k \log Z - \frac{k}{kT} \sum_i (-\epsilon_i) n_i = k \log Z - k \sum_i \log e^{-\frac{\epsilon_i}{kT}} \cdot n_i =$$

$$= k \log Z - k \sum_i (\log Z + \log n_i) \cdot n_i = -k \sum_i n_i \log n_i - k \sum_i \log Z \sum_i n_i + k \log Z$$

$$S = -k \sum_i n_i \log n_i - N k$$

ilka prastatystiniai  $n_i$  oį pre mikroskopiniŲ oį pre harmoniški vidur

$$Z = \sum_i e^{-\frac{E_i}{kT}}$$

(5)

STATISTIČKÁ ŠCH (PARTITION FUNCTION)

je dolehlivost alebo na modelovateľ, ale info o miere

$$\langle E \rangle = \sum_i E_i P_i = \frac{1}{Z} \sum_i E_i e^{-\frac{E_i}{kT}} = \frac{1}{Z} \sum_i \frac{\partial}{\partial \beta} e^{-\frac{E_i}{kT}} = -\frac{1}{Z} \frac{\partial}{\partial \beta} \sum_i e^{-\frac{E_i}{kT}}$$

$$= -\frac{1}{Z} \frac{\partial}{\partial \beta} Z = -\frac{\partial}{\partial \beta} \log Z \quad \text{alebo} \quad \Delta E^2 = \langle E^2 \rangle - \langle E \rangle^2 = \frac{\partial^2}{\partial \beta^2} \log Z$$

$$S = k \frac{\partial}{\partial T} T \log Z$$

• derivácie  $\frac{\partial}{\partial \beta}$  mierte 1 meter  $\frac{1}{kT} = \beta$  a  $Z = \sum_i e^{-\beta E_i}$

$$\langle E \rangle = -\frac{\partial}{\partial \beta} \log Z$$

VOĽNÁ ENERGIA funkcia  $E-TS$  je volná dolehlivosť (pri fixovanej teplote)

$$F = E - TS$$

volná energia

vs. pomocou iných predpisov

$$Z = e^{-\beta F} \Rightarrow F = -kT \log Z$$

napríklad

$$S = -\frac{\partial F}{\partial T} \Big|_V$$